

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNICAL TEACHERS TRAINING AND RESEARCH

(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY UNDER DISTINCT CATEGORY)

CHANDIGARH

Ph.D. Entrance Examination - December 2025 Session

Subject / Branch / Department	:	Mechanical Engineering
Roll No.	:	
Candidate Name	:	
Date of Examination	:	29-August-2025

Maximum Marks: 25 (There is no negative marking)

Notes: (a) Only one option to be tick-marked out of the four options given as answer

(b) The Candidate must put his/her signature with date at the bottom of each page

(c) For any rough work, please use ONLY back-sides of pages which are left blank

Q1.	The dendrite structure is observed while solidification for:
(a)	Low cooling rate
(b)	Very high cooling rate
(c)	High cooling rate
(d)	Both a and b
Q2.	What is the range of carbon content in steel?
(a)	0-0.8%
(b)	0-2%
(c)	0-4.4%
(d)	0-6.67%
Q3.	T.T.T diagram indicates time and temperatures transformation of:
(a)	austenite
(b)	ferrite
(c)	pearlite
(d)	cementite
Q4.	Resilience of material is important when it is subjected to:
(a)	Combined loading
(b)	Fatigue
(c)	Thermal Stresses
(d)	Shock loading

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Q5.	Composites can be classified based on					
(a)	Matrix type					
(b)	Reinforcement constituent					
(c)	Matrix type and Reinforcement constituent					
(d)	Neither on matrix type nor on reinforcement constituent					
Q6.	In the process normalizing of steel, the steel is heated above its upper critical temperature in the range of:					
(a)	200-150°C					
(b)	30-50°C					
(c)	80-100°C					
(d)	110-200°C					
Q7.	During normalizing process of steel, the specimen is heated					
(a)	above the upper critical temperature and cooled in still air					
(b)	below the upper critical temperature and cooled in still air					
(c)	below the lower critical temperature and cooled in still air					
(d)	above the upper critical temperature and cooled in in the furnace					
Q8.	Which of the following has a greater impact on the longitudinal strength of reinforced					
	composites?					
(a)	Fiber orientation					
(b)	Fiber strength					
(c)	Fiber length					
(d)	Fiber diameter					
Q9.	Heat treatment is often done to:					
(a)	Join plates					
(b)	Non-destructive testing of plates					
(c)	Stress relieving of cold worked materials					
(d)	Remove cracks in welds					
Q10.	Which kind of corrosion is difficult to monitor and is very dangerous for metal?					
(a)	Stress corrosion					
(b)	Galvanic corrosion					
(c)	Crevice corrosion					
(d)	Pitting corrosion					



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()1	Part-programming mistales 1 11 11			
(a)	Part-programming mistakes can be avoided in: NC			
(b)	CNC			
(c)	Both CNC and NC			
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(d)	None of the above			
Q1	is the full form of CIFIVIS?			
(a)	Computer-integrated production management system			
(b)	Computer-induced planning for the management system			
(c)	Computer-integrated process for machining science			
(d)	None of the above			
Q13	3. Numerical control			
(a)	applies only to milling machines			
(b)	is a method for controlling through a set of instructions			
(c)	is a method for producing the exact number of parts per hour			
(d)	none of the mentioned			
Q14	. Which of the following is not the advantage of CNC machines?			
(a)	Improved quality			
(b)	Reduced scrap rate			
(c)	Higher flexibility			
(d)	Improved strength of the components			
Q15.	The function of interpolator in a CNC machine controller is to:			
(a)	Control spindle speed			
(b)	Control tool rapid approach speed			
(c)	Generate a reference signal prescribing the shape of the part to be machined			
(d)	Perform miscellaneous (M) functions (tool change, coolent control etc)			
Q16.	CAD/CAM is the relationship between:			
(a)	Science and engineering			
(b)	Design and manufacturing			
(c)	Design and marketing			
(d)	Manufacturing and marketing			



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Q17.	The basic geometric building blocks provided in a CAD/CAM package are
(a)	points
(b)	lines
(c)	circles
(d)	All of the mentioned
Q18.	The integration of CAD and CAM is called
(a)	Computer-integrated manufacturing
(b)	CAE/CAM
(c)	Computer-aided Engineering
(d)	Computer-aided design
Q19.	Dwell in CNC programme is defined by
(a)	G01
(b)	G02
(c)	G04
(d)	G03
Q20.	The model, which is created by using basic entities of two dimensions, is called
(a)	Surface model
(b)	Wire frame model
(c)	Solid model
(d)	Isometric model
Q21.	In which of the following processes thereisno tool wear?
(a)	EDM
(b)	ECM
(c)	USM
(d)	All of them
Q22.	In USM material removal increases with:
(a)	Increase in frequency and amplitude of vibration
(b)	Increase in frequency and decrease in amplitude of vibration
(c)	Decrease in frequency and decrease in amplitude of vibration
(d)	Decrease in frequency and increase in amplitude of vibration



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Q23.	In ECM, material removal is due to:
(a)	Corrosion
(b)	Erosion
(c)	Ion displacement
(d)	Fusion
Q24.	Which of the following materials cannot be machined by EDM?
(a)	Ti
(b)	CI
(c)	Steel
(d)	Glass
Q25.	In electrochemical machining, the gap between the tool and work is kept usually as
(a)	0.1mm
(b)	0.75mm
(c)	0.4mm
(d)	0.25mm





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ANSWER KEY - Ph.D. Entrance Examination - December 2025 Session

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Answers:

1.	c	11	c	21	b
2.	b	12	a	22	a
3.	a	13	b	23	c
4.	d	14	d	24	d
5.	c	15	c	25	b
6.	b	16	b		
7.	a	17	d		
8.	b	18	a		
9.	c	19	c		
10.	d	20	b		

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